

First Council of Lateran: Rome
Solennly sanctioned the Concordat
And promulgated canons against
simony, counterfeiting of coin,
and disturbing of pilgrimages
and crusades

Pope Calixtus II was pope 1119-1124
The dispute about the right of
investiture was finally settled
by the Concordat of Worms (1122)

1123

The fifth Lateran Council
called the FIRST Lateran; was
the ninth of the ecumenical
councils and the first general
council in the West

1123

FIRST Lateran or NINTH
Council of the Church.

1123

Lateran I

Pope Callistus II

Attended by approx. 300 bishops; sessions held between Nov 18 and Apr 6. Endorsed provisions of Concordat of Worms concerning the investiture of prelates; approved reform concerning measures in 25 canons.

#9
Ecumenical
Council

First Ecumenical Council held in the West
Decrees are issued in the name of the Pope
The 9th ecumenical council of the church, called by
Pope Calistus II in 1123, chiefly to confirm the
Concordat of Worms agreed between him and
the emperor in the previous yr., was held in the
Lateran Palace in Rome (The pope's residence until the
14th cen.) and was the first of 7 such councils
held between then and 1312. All the bishops
of the Western Church were summoned to attend this council
and their presence is a mark of the Pope's power.

It appears, it is abundant in the church, collecting, declining
greatly in the 13th century; the practice of underwriting improved
improved from Rome, greatly improved and the doctrine
of transubstantiation was improved. The course
reflected also the great intellectual and aesthetic
renaissance of the church. In 1200 & 1300, and other
collected at the College and other (above all, England
and northern France)

1123

First Lateran Council
9th Ecumenical Council

1123

Council of Lateran I